TABLE A-1. Fatal occupational injuries by industry and event or exposure, Nevada, 2007

					Event or	exposure ²		
Industry ¹	NAICS code ¹	Total fatalities (number)	Transpor- tation incidents ³	Assaults and violent acts ⁴	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls	Exposure to harmful sub- stances or environments	Fires and explosions
Total		71	31	7	10	17	5	
Private Industry		61	21	7	10	17	5	
Goods Producing		31	8		9	11		
Natural Resources and Mining		5						
Mining ⁵	. 21	3						
Mining (except Oil and Gas)		3 3						
Construction		22	3		7	10		
Construction	. 23	22	3		7	10		
Construction of buildings		4			4 4			
Commercial and Institutional Building Construction		4			4			
Specialty Trade Contractors		16	3		3	9		
Foundation, Structure, and Building Exterior Contractors		9			3	6		
Structural Steel and Precast Concrete Contractors	23812	5				4		
Nonresidential Structural Steel and Precast Concrete								
Contractors		3 4						
Building Equipment Contractors	. 2382	4						
Manufacturing		4	3					
Manufacturing	. 31-33	4	3					
Service providing	-	30	13	6		6	4	
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities		7		3				
Retail Trade	. 44-45	5		3				
Professional and Business Services		8	3			4		
Administrative and Support and Waste Management and Remediation Services	. 56	7	3			4		

TABLE A-1. Fatal occupational injuries by industry and event or exposure, Nevada, 2007 - continued

					Event or e	exposure ²		
Industry ¹	NAICS code ¹	Total fatalities (number)	Transpor- tation incidents ³	Assaults and violent acts ⁴	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls	Exposure to harmful sub- stances or environments	Fires and explosions
Administrative and Support Services	. 561	5				4		
Services to Buildings and Dwellings		4				3		
Landscaping Services	. 56173	3						
Leisure and Hospitality		11	5					
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	. 71	6	5					
Performing Arts, Spectator Sports, and Related Industries	711	5	4					
Spectator Sports		5	4					
Spectator Sports		5	4					
Other Spectator Sports	711219	4	3					
Accommodation and Food Services	. 72	5						
Food Services and Drinking Places	. 722	3						
Government ⁶	ı.	10	10					
Federal Government		5	5					
Service providing		5	5					
Public Administration		5	5					
Public Administration	. 92	5	5					
National Security and International Affairs	928	5	5					
National Security and International Affairs	9281	5	5					
National Security		5	5					
Local Government		4	4					
Service providing	ĺ	4	4					

¹ Industry data from 2003 to 2008 are classified using the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). Industry data after 2008 are classified using the 2007 NAICS.

² Based on the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification Manual.

³ Includes highway, nonhighway, air, water, rail fatalities, and fatalities resulting from being struck by a vehicle.

⁴ Includes violence by persons, self-inflicted injury, and attacks by animals.

⁵ Includes fatal injuries at all establishments categorized as Mining (Sector 21) in the North American Industry Classification System, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

⁶ Includes fatal injuries to workers employed by governmental organizations regardless of industry.

NOTE: Data for all years are revised and final. Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. CFOI fatal injury counts exclude illness-related deaths unless precipitated by an injury event.

TABLE A-2. Fatal occupational injuries resulting from transportation incidents and homicides, Nevada, 2007

			Tran	sportation incid	lents			Homicides	
Industry ¹	Total fatalities (number)	Total	Highway incidents	Non-highway Incidents	Worker struck by vehicle	All other transportation incidents	Total	Homicides by shooting	All other homicides
Total	71	31	15		6	9	4	3	
Private Industry	61	21	11		6	4	4	3	
Goods Producing	31	8	5		3				
Natural Resources and Mining	5								
Mining ²	3								
Mining (except Oil and Gas)		 	 	 	 		 		
Construction	22	3	3				-		
Construction	22	3	3						
Construction of buildings									
Nonresidential Building Construction									
Commercial and Institutional Building Construction		3							
Specialty Trade Contractors		3	3						
Foundation, Structure, and Building Exterior Contractors	9 5			-					
Nonresidential Structural Steel and Precast Concrete									
Contractors Building Equipment Contractors	3 4								
Manufacturing	4	3							
Manufacturing	4	3							
Service providing	30	13	6		3	4	4	3	
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	7								
Retail Trade	5								
Professional and Business Services	8	3							
Administrative and Support and Waste Management and Remediation Services	7	3							

TABLE A-2. Fatal occupational injuries resulting from transportation incidents and homicides, Nevada, 2007 - continued

			Tran	sportation incid	lents			Homicides	
Industry ¹	Total fatalities (number)	Total	Highway incidents	Non-highway Incidents	Worker struck by vehicle	All other transportation incidents	Total	Homicides by shooting	All other homicides
Administrative and Support Services Services to Buildings and Dwellings Landscaping Services	4	 	 		 		 		
Leisure and Hospitality	11	5				4			
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	6	5				4			
Performing Arts, Spectator Sports, and Related Industries Spectator Sports Spectator Sports Other Spectator Sports	5 5 5 4	4 4 4 3	 	 	 	4 4 4 3	 	 	
Accommodation and Food Services									
Food Services and Drinking Places	3								
Government ³	10	10	4			5			
Federal Government	5	5				5			
Service providing	5	5				5			
Public Administration	5	5				5			
Public Administration	5	5				5			

TABLE A-2. Fatal occupational injuries resulting from transportation incidents and homicides, Nevada, 2007 - continued

			Tran	sportation incid	lents		Homicides			
Industry ¹	Total fatalities (number)	Total	Highway incidents	Non-highway Incidents	struck by	All other transportation incidents	l otal	Homicides by shooting	All other homicides	
National Security and International Affairs National Security and International Affairs National Security	5 5 5	5 5 5		1 1 1		5 5 5			 	
Local Government	4	4	3							
Service providing	4	4	3							

¹ Industry data from 2003 to 2008 are classified using the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). Industry data after 2008 are classified using the 2007 NAICS.

² Includes fatal injuries at all establishments categorized as Mining (Sector 21) in the North American Industry Classification System, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

³ Includes fatal injuries to workers employed by governmental organizations regardless of industry.

TABLE A-3. Fatal occupational injuries to private sector wage and salary workers, government workers, and self-employed workers by industry, Nevada, 2007

Industry ¹	Fata	lities	Private sect salary v	•	Governme	nt workers ³	Self-employ	ed workers ⁴
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	71	100.0	53	100.0	10	100.0	8	100.0
Goods Producing	. 31	43.7	29	54.7				
Natural Resources and Mining	. 5	7.0	5	9.4				
Mining ⁵	. 3	4.2	3	5.7				
Mining (except Oil and Gas)		4.2 4.2	3 3	5.7 5.7	 	 	 	
Construction	. 22	31.0	20	37.7				
Construction	22	31.0	20	37.7				
Construction of buildings Nonresidential Building Construction Commercial and Institutional Building Construction Specialty Trade Contractors Foundation, Structure, and Building Exterior Contractors Structural Steel and Precast Concrete Contractors Nonresidential Structural Steel and Precast Concrete Contractors Building Equipment Contractors Manufacturing Manufacturing Service providing Trade, Transportation, and Utilities Retail Trade.	4 4 16 9 5 3 4 4 4 4 7	5.6 5.6 5.6 22.5 12.7 7.0 4.2 5.6 5.6 5.6	4 4 4 14 9 5 3 4 4 4 24 6	7.5 7.5 7.5 26.4 17.0 9.4 5.7 7.5 7.5 45.3 11.3	 10	 100.0	 6	 75.0
Professional and Business Services	8	11.3	5	9.4			3	37.5
Administrative and Support and Waste Management and Remediation Services	7	9.9	5	9.4				
Administrative and Support Services Services to Buildings and Dwellings Landscaping Services See footnotes at end of table.	. 4	7.0 5.6 4.2	3 	5.7 	 	 	 	

TABLE A-3. Fatal occupational injuries to private sector wage and salary workers, government workers, and self-employed workers by industry, Nevada, 2007 - Continued

Industry ¹	Fata	lities	Private sect salary v	or wage and vorkers ²	Governme	nt workers ³	Self-employed workers ⁴	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Education and Health Services	4	5.6			3	30.0		
Educational Services	3	4.2			3	30.0		
Educational Services	3	4.2			3	30.0		
Leisure and Hospitality	11	15.5	10	18.9				
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	6	8.5	6	11.3				
Performing Arts, Spectator Sports, and Related Industries	5	7.0	5	9.4				
Spectator Sports	5 5	7.0 7.0	5 5	9.4 9.4				
Spectator Sports Other Spectator Sports	4	7.0 5.6	4	9.4 7.5				
Accommodation and Food Services	5	7.0	4	7.5				
Food Services and Drinking Places	3	4.2						
Public Administration	7	9.9			7	70.0		
Public Administration	7	9.9			7	70.0		
National Security and International Affairs	5	7.0			5	50.0		
National Security and International Affairs National Security	5 5	7.0 7.0		 	5 5	50.0 50.0		

¹ Industry data from 2003 to 2008 are classified using the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). Industry data after 2008 are classified using the 2007 NAICS.

² May include volunteers and workers receiving other types of compensation.

³ Includes fatal injuries to workers employed by governmental organizations regardless of industry.

Includes self-employed workers, owners of unincorporated businesses and farms, paid and unpaid family workers, and may include some owners of incorporated businesses or members of partnerships.
 Includes fatal injuries at all establishments categorized as Mining (Sector 21) in the North American laborate in the Control of th

Includes ratal injuries at all establishments categorized as wining (Sector 21) in the North American Industry Classification System, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

TABLE A-4. Fatal occupational injuries by primary and secondary source of injury for all fatal injuries and by major private industry 1 sector, Nevada, 2007

			Goods p	roducing					Service	providing			
Primary source and secondary source ²	Total fatalities (number)	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ³	Construc- tion	Manufac- turing	Total service providing	Trade, transpor- tation, and utilities	Informa- tion	Financial activities	Profes- sional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Total	. 71	31	5	22	4	30	7			8		11	-
Primary Source ⁴													
Machinery. Parts and materials	3 21 16 6 5 7 31 8 3 5 5 21 3 3 4 4 5 5 10 6 6	4 14 10 5 4 5 8 5 5 		3 	33	 7 6 13 3 3 3 5 5 9 6 5							
Parts and materials	. 7 6 . 7 . 4 . 15	3 8 3 3		 7 3		 5 4 5 							

TABLE A-4. Fatal occupational injuries by primary and secondary source of injury for all fatal injuries and by major private industry 1 sector, Nevada, 2007 - continued

			Goods p	roducing					Service	providing			
Primary source and secondary source ²	Total fatalities (number)	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ³	Construc- tion	Manufac- turing	Total service providing	Trade, transpor- tation, and utilities	Informa- tion	Financial activities	Profes- sional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Tools, instruments, and equipment	7 4	3		3		4							
Vehicles	12	5		4		6							
Highway vehicle, motorized	8	3				4							
TruckSemitrailer, tractor trailer,	6					3							
trailer truck	4												
Plant and industrial powered vehicles, tractors	3												
ForkliftForklift, unspecified	3												

¹ Industry data from 2003 to 2008 are classified using the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). Industry data after 2008 are classified using the 2007 NAICS.

source of injury or that contributed to the event or exposure. For vehicle collisions, the deceased's vehicle is the primary source and the other object (truck, road divider, etc.) is the secondary source. For most homicides, the "bullet" is the primary source and the "assailant" is the secondary source. For most falls, the secondary source identifies the equipment or surface from which the worker fell.

NOTE: Data for all years are revised and final. Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. N.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." CFOI fatal injury counts exclude illness-related deaths unless precipitated by an injury event.

² Based on the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification Manual.

³ Includes fatalities at all establishments categorized as Mining (Sector 21) in the North American Industry Classification System, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

⁴ The primary source identifies the object, substance, or exposure that directly produced or inflicted the injury. For transportation incidents, the source identifies the vehicle in which the deceased was an occupant.

⁵ The secondary source of injury, if any, identifies the object, substance, or person that generated the

TABLE A-5. Fatal occupational injuries by occupation and event or exposure, Nevada, 2007

				Event or e	exposure ²		
Occupation ¹	Total fatalities (number)	Transportation incidents ³	Assaults and violent acts ⁴	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls	Exposure to harmful substances or environments	Fires and explosions
Total	71	31	7	10	17	5	
Food preparation and serving related occupations	. 3						
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	. 3				3		
Sales and related occupations	. 4		3				
Supervisors, sales workers	3						
First-line supervisors/managers, sales workers							
Construction and extraction occupations	21			9	8		
Construction trades workers	. 17			7	8		
Construction laborers	. 3						
Construction laborers	. 3						
Structural iron and steel workers	. 6				5		
Structural iron and steel workers	. 6				5		
Extraction workers	3						
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	. 9	4				3	
Other installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	. 6	3					
Industrial machinery installation, repair, and maintenance workers	. 4						
Maintenance and repair workers, general	. 3						
Transportation and material moving occupations	. 16	12					
Air transportation workers	. 3	3					
Aircraft pilots and flight engineers	. 3	3					
Commercial pilots	. 3	3					
Motor vehicle operators	. 10	8					
Driver/sales workers and truck drivers	. 9	7					
Truck drivers, heavy and tractor-trailer	7	6					
Material moving workers							
Laborers and material movers, hand	3						
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	. 3						
Military specific occupations	. 5	5					

¹ Based on the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification System.

² Based on the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification Manual.

³ Includes highway, nonhighway, air, water, rail fatal injuries, and fatal injuries resulting from being struck by a vehicle.

⁴ Includes violence by persons, self-inflicted injury, and attacks by animals.

⁵ Military specific occupations include fatal injuries to persons identified as resident armed forces regardless of individual occupation listed.

TABLE A-6. Fatal occupational injuries resulting from transportation incidents and homicides by occupation, Nevada, 2007

			Trar	nsportation incid	ents			Homicides	
Occupation ¹	Total fatalities (number)	Total	Highway incidents	Non-highway incidents	Pedestrian struck by vehicle	All other transportation incidents	Total	Homicides by shooting	All other homicides
Total	. 71	31	15		6	9	4	3	
Food preparation and serving related occupations	. 3								
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	. 3								
Sales and related occupations	. 4								
Supervisors, sales workers									
First-line supervisors/managers, sales workers	. 3								
Construction and extraction occupations	. 21								
Construction trades workers	. 17								
Construction laborers	. 3								
Construction laborers	. 3								
Structural iron and steel workers	. 6								
Structural iron and steel workers									
Extraction workers	. 3								
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations		4	3						
Other installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	. 6	3	3						
Industrial machinery installation, repair, and									
maintenance workers	4								
Maintenance and repair workers, general	. 3								
Transportation and material moving occupations		12	6		3	3			
Air transportation workers		3				3			
Aircraft pilots and flight engineers		3				3			
Commercial pilots	. 3	3				3			
Motor vehicle operators	. 10	8	6						
Driver/sales workers and truck drivers	9	7	5						
Truck drivers, heavy and tractor-trailer		6	4						
Material moving workers									
Laborers and material movers, hand	. 3								
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand									
Military specific occupations ²		5				5			

NOTE: Data for all years are revised and final. Totals for major categories may include

subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. CFOI fatal injury counts exclude illness-related deaths unless precipitated by an injury event. SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State and

Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries

¹ Based on the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification System.
² Military specific occupations include fatal injuries to persons identified as resident armed forces regardless of individual occupation listed.

Table A-7. Fatal occupational injuries by worker characteristics and event or exposure, Nevada, 2007

				Event or e	exposure ¹		
Worker characteristics	Total fatalities (number)	Transportation incidents ²	Assaults and violent acts ³	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls	Exposure to harmful sub- stances or environ- ments	Fires and explosions
Total	71	31	7	10	17	5	
Employee Status							
Wage and Salary Workers ⁴	63 8	30 	3 4	10 	14 3	5 	
Gender							
Men	68 3	29 	7	10 	16 	5 	
Age							
Under 16 years. 16 to 17 years. 18 to 19 years. 20 to 24 years. 25 to 34 years. 35 to 44 years. 45 to 54 years. 55 to 64 years. 65 years and over.	 9 17 17 18 6	 4 7 9 9	 	 3 3 	 5 3 5 	 	
Race or Ethnic Origin ⁶							
White, non-Hispanic Black, non-Hispanic Hispanic or Latino American Indian or Alaska Native Asian Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	4 12	20 3 4 	5 	5 3 	11 3 	5 	

¹ Based on the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification Manual.

² Includes highway, nonhighway, air, water, rail fatalities, and fatalities resulting from being struck by a vehicle.

³ Includes violence by persons, self-inflicted injury, and attacks by animals.

⁴ May include volunteers and other workers receiving compensation.

⁵ Includes self-employed workers, owners of unincorporated businesses and farms, paid and unpaid family workers, and may include some owners of incorporated businesses or members of partnerships.

⁶ Persons identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. The race categories shown exclude data for Hispanics and Latinos.

TABLE A-8. Fatal occupational injuries by event or exposure and age, Nevada, 2007

Event or exposure ¹	Total	Age											
	fatalities (number)	Under 16 years	16-17 years	18-19 years	20-24 years	25-34 years	35-44 years	45-54 years	55-64 years	65 years and over			
Total	71				9	17	17	18	6	4			
Contact with objects and equipment	10					3	3						
Struck by object or equipment													
Caught in or crushed in collapsing materials													
Falls						5	3	5					
Fall to lower level	17					5	3	5					
Fall from floor, dock, or ground level													
Fall through existing floor opening													
Fall from ladder	4												
Fall from building girders or other structural													
steel													
Exposure to harmful substances or environments													
Transportation accidents					4	7	9	9					
Highway accident							5	5					
Collision between vehicles, mobile equipment	7	`											
Collision between vehicles, mobile	_												
equipment, unspecified													
Moving in opposite directions, oncoming													
Noncollision accident								3					
Jack-knifed or overturnedno collision	5							3					
Pedestrian, nonpassenger struck by vehicle, mobile equipment	6						3						
Pedestrian struck by vehicle, mobile equipment							Ü						
in parking lot or non-roadway area	3												
Aircraft accident								3					
Aircraft accident, n.e.c.													
Assaults and violent acts													
Assaults and violent acts by person(s)													
Shooting													
Self-inflicted injury													
Suicide, attempted suicide													

¹ Based on the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification Manual.

NOTE: Data for all years are revised and final. Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet

publication criteria. N.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." CFOI fatal injury counts exclude illness-related deaths unless precipitated by an injury event.

TABLE A-9. Fatal occupational injuries by event or exposure for all fatal injuries and major private industry ¹ sector, Nevada, 2007

Event or exposure ²	Total fatalities (number)	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ³	Construc- tion	Manufac- turing	Total service providing	Trade, transpor- tation, and utilities	Informa- tion	Financial activities	Profes- sional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	
Total	71	31	5	22	4	30	7			8		11		
Contact with objects and equipment Struck by object or equipment Caught in or crushed in collapsing materials Falls	10 3 5 17	9 5 11	 	7 10	 	 6	 	 	 	 4		 	 	
Fall to lower level Fall from floor, dock, or ground level Fall through existing floor opening Fall from ladder	17 3 3 4	11 3 3 	 	10 3 3 	 	6 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	
Fall from building girders or other structural steel Exposure to harmful substances or environments Transportation accidents Highway accident	4 5 31 15	4 8	 	4 3	 3	 4 13	 	 	 		 	 5		
Collision between vehicles, mobile equipment Collision between vehicles, mobile equipment, unspecified Moving in opposite directions, oncoming	3 3 3	3		 			 	- - -				 		
Noncollision accident	5 5 6	 3	 	 	 	3 3 3	 	 	 			 	 	
Pedestrian struck by vehicle, mobile equipment in parking lot or non-roadway area Aircraft accident	3 8 7	 	 	 	 	 3 	 	 	 		 	 3 	 	
Assaults and violent acts	7 4 3 3 3	 	 	 	 	6 4 3 	3 	 	 	 	 	 	 	

¹ Industry data from 2003 to 2008 are classified using the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). Industry data after 2008 are classified using the 2007 NAICS.

² Based on the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification Manual.

³ Includes fatal injuries at all establishments categorized as Mining (Sector 21) in the North American Industry Classification System, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.